

The Piano Directed by: Jane Campion ©: Jan Chapman Productions @: CiBy 2000 A Jan Chapman production Presented by: CiBy 2000, Australian Film Commission Developed with the assistance of: New South Wales Film and Television Office Executive Producer for CiBv 2000: Alain Depardieu Producer. Jan Chapman Associate Producer. Mark Turnbull Unit Manager. John Wilson Production Manager. Chloe Smith Production Accountants: Keith Mackenzie. Anna McMurtry Location Manager. Sally Sherratt Post-production Supervisors: Stephen O'Rourke, Anne Berriman, Lynn-Maree Danzey Research: Colin Englert. Peter Long 2nd Unit Director/Media Kit Director. Colin Englert 1st Assistant Director. Mark Turnbull Continuity: Lynn-Maree Danzey New Zealand Casting Directors: Diana Rowan, Susie Figgis, Victoria Thomas

Robyn Cammell Script Editor. Billy Mackinnon Written by: Jane Campion

Maori Dialogue: Waihoroi Shortland, Selwyn Muru Director of Photography: Stuart Dryburgh 2nd Unit Camera/Media Kit Camera: Rewa Harre Camera Operator: Alun Bollinger

Australia Casting Directors: Alison Barrett,

Gaffer: Don Jowsey, Kevin Riley Key Grip: Geoff Jamieson

Special Effects Co-ordinator. Waynne Rugg Editor. Veronika Jenet

Production Designer, Andrew McAlpine

Supervising Art Director. Gregory Keen Set Decorator. Meryl Cronin

Props Buyer. Mark Grenfell Costume Designer: Janet Patterson Wardrobe Co-ordinator, Barbara Darrag Hair/Make-up Supervisor. Noriko Watanabe Make-up for Holly Hunter. Kathrine James Prosthetics Supervisor. Bob McCarron

Prosthetics: Marjory Hamlin Title Design: Peter Long Opticals: Roger Cowland

Grading: Arthur Cambridge Music: Michael Nyman Solo Piano: Holly Hunter Music Performed by:

Munich Philharmonic Orchestra Saxophones: John Harle, David Roach,

Andrew Findon Choreography: Mary-Anne Schultz

Sound Design: Lee Smith Sound Recording: Tony Johnson Sound Mixer: Gethin Creagh Boom Operator. Alexander Paton

Dialogue Editor: Gary O'Grady, Jeanine Chialvo

Effects Mixer, Martin Oswin Effects Editor. Peter Townend Fight/Stunt Co-ordinator/Safety Officer.

Robert Bruce

Maori Advisers: Waihoroi Shortland, Selwyn Muru Maori Performance and Language Adviser.

Temuera Morrison

Holly Hunter (Ada) Harvey Keitel (George Baines) Sam Neill (Stewart)

BIG SCREEN CLASSICS

The Piano

SPOILER WARNING The following notes give away some of the plot.

For a while I could not think, let alone write, about The Piano without shaking. Precipitating a flood of feelings, The Piano demands as much a physical and emotional response as an intellectual one. As with the Maoris in the film who, believing the Bluebeard shadow play to be real, attempt to stop the old duke add another wife to his collection, I wanted to rush at the screen and shout and scream. Not since the early days of cinema, when audiences trampled over each other towards the exit to avoid the train emerging from the screen, could I imagine the medium of film to be so powerful. Like Ada's piano music, which is described as 'a mood that passes through you... a sound that creeps into you', this is cinema that fills every sense. The opening shot of delicate pink skin smoothed over the screen, as fingers hide eyes, suggests the membrane that the audience must burst through to make the painful and traumatic trek into the film's dark, gnarled woods, finally to be released in the watery death/birth of an ending. Moving pictures indeed.

A film about silence and expression beyond language, The Piano resonates with the silences embedded deep in the texts of such 19th-century women writers as Emily Brontë or Emily Dickinson, women who hid scraps of their work under blotters, who hid themselves behind pseudonyms. They, like the strident composer Ada, were told that their creations were most irregular. In The Piano, Jane Campion feels her way around those echoing caves upon which they built their haunted houses of fiction. It is a virtuoso interpretation of that literary sensibility in a cinematic form, truer than any doggedly faithful adaptation of, say, Wuthering Heights. Indeed, The Piano puts us in the grip of the repressions of the 19th century - an era which saw polite society sheathing the ankles of piano legs with special socks in case they gave young men ideas. Such is the erotic object at the heart of the film.

Campion is playful with the period's more bizarre neuroses. The film flashes with moments of indignant humour, such as when Flora is ordered to whitewash some trees after she and her young friends are caught rubbing up against them in a playful - and unwitting - imitation of the sexual act. But Campion is careful not to let the comedy take hold. Under less thoughtful direction Stewart could have been the buffoonish patriarch, hauling his white man's burden behind him. He treats the Maoris like children, paying them in buttons and staking out his territory over their sacred burial grounds. After the shocking punishment he metes out to Ada, he informs her, 'I only clipped your wings.' He is, as one Maori dubs him, an emotionally shrivelled 'old dry balls.' Yet this awful paterfamilias is invested with some sympathy. He is a confused man, who attempts to guy his world down in the chaos of change, who wants his music - and his sex - played to a strict time, so fearful is he of the other rhythms that might move him. If only he could listen, like Ada's previous lover and the father of Flora, upon whom she could 'lay thoughts on his mind like a sheet.' It is the communication of the gentle caress, the smoothing of nimble fingers over sheets and scales.

Conventional language imprisons Ada like the crinoline, which ambiguously also marks out her private, silent space (the skirt provides an intimate tent for Ada and Flora to shelter in the beach). Crucially, it is the written word that finally

Anna Paquin (Flora) Kerry Walker (Aunt Morag) Genevieve Lemon (Nessie) Tungia Baker (Hira) lan Mune (reverend) Peter Dennett (head seaman) Te Whatanui Skipwith (Chief Nihe) Pete Smith (Hone) Bruce Allpress (blind piano tuner) Cliff Curtis (Mana) Carla Rupuha (Heni) Mahina Tunui (Mere) Hori Ahipene (Mutu) Gordon Hatfield (Te Kori) Mere Boynton (Chief Nile's daughter) Kirsten Batlev (Marama) Tania Burney (Mahina) Annie Edwards (Te Tiwha) Harina Haare (Roimata) Christina Harimate (Parearau) Steve Kanuta (Amohia) P.J. Karauria (Taua) Sonny Kirikiri (Tame) Alain Makiha (Kahutia) Greg Mayor (Tipi) Neil Mika Gudsell (Tahu) Guv Moana (Kohuru) Joseph Otimi (Rehia) Glynis Paraha (Mairangi) Riki Pickering (Rongo) Eru Potaka-Dewes (Pitama) Liane Rangi Henry (Te Ao) Huihana Rewa (Te Hikumutu) Tamati Rice (Pito) Paora Sharples (Hotu) George Smallman (Tuu) Kereama Teua (Te Kukuni) Poamo Tuialii (Kahu) Susan Tuialii (Pare) Kahumanu Waaka (Waimiria) Lawrence Wharerau (Kamira) Eddie Campbell, Roger Goodburn, Stephen Hall, Greg Johnson, Wayne McGoram (seamen) Jon Brazier (wedding photographer) Stephen Papps (Bluebeard) Nicola Baigent, Ruby Codner, Karen Colston, Verity George, Julie Steele (Bluebeard's wives) Tim Raby, Jon Sperry (taunting men) Isobel Dryburgh, Harina Haare, Claire Lourie, Rose McIvor, Amber Main, Rachel Main (angels) Sean Abraham, Tomas Dryburgh Simon Knight-Jones, Julian Lee, Daniel Lunn (cloud carrier boys) Barbara Grover (school hall piano player) Arthur Ranford (school hall violin player) Nicola Baigent (Sunday school teacher) Rob Ellis, Terrence Garbolino, William Matthew (young wives' husbands) Nancy Flyger (maid) George Boyle (Flora's grandfather) Flynn (Flynn, Baines's dog) Australia/France 1992©

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betrays her as she sends her love note to Baines, who cannot read but who knows the languages of those around him. Her arrangement with Baines has previously been based on a sensuous play of touch, smell and sound.

Bodies become instruments of expression, while the piano smelling of scent and salt becomes corporeal. Baines' massaging of Ada's leg through a hole in her black worsted stocking is given the same erotic charge as her fingering of the scales. After such libidinous exchange, the marking down of her feelings for him with words only brings destruction, which is hastened by Flora, Ada's little echoing mouthpiece (who is also the most compulsive and intriguing of fabulists).

What to make, then, of Ada's sudden plunge after her lifeless piano, which can no longer sing, into the watery grave? Ada's bid to enter into the order of language brings only death. Her will moves her finally to wave, not drown, to take life.

But there is the disquieting shadow of death cast on to the coda of the film. Brighter than in any of the previous scenes, she is seen in mourning grey, her head covered in a black-edged veil, tapping out notes with the silver artificial finger, which now marks her as the town freak. She is learning to speak but her voice rings the knell 'death, death, death'. At night she dreams of her husk, anchored to the piano, skirts billowing out like a balloon, floating in the silence of the deep, deep sea. Impossible to shake off, it is the final image in a film that weighs heavy on the heart and mind, that drags us down into our own shuddering silence.

Lizzie Francke, Sight and Sound, November 1993

Jane Campion on 'The Piano'

I feel a kinship between the kind of romance that Emily Brontë portrays in Wuthering Heights and this film. Hers is not the notion of romance we've come to use; it's very harsh and extreme, a gothic exploration of the romantic impulse. I wanted to respond to these ideas in my own century. My not writing in Brontë's time means that I can look at a side of the relationship that she could not develop. My exploration can be a lot more sexual, a lot more investigative of the power of eroticism. Then you get involved in actual bodyscape as well, because the body has certain effects – like a drug almost – certain desires for erotic satisfaction which are very strong forces.

I have enjoyed writing characters who don't have a twentieth-century sensibility about sex. We've grown up with so many expectations that the erotic impulse is almost lost to us, but these characters have nothing to prepare them for its strength and power. I think the romantic impulse is in all of us and sometimes we live it for a short time, but it's not part of a sensible way of living. It's a heroic path and generally ends dangerously. I treasure it and believe it's a path of great courage. It can also be a path of the foolhardy and the compulsive.

Jane Campion, Sight and Sound, October 1993